

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 16-983V

Filed: November 2, 2016

Unpublished

BRADY SCOTT,

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Petitioner,

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v.

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SECRETARY OF HEALTH

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AND HUMAN SERVICES,

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Respondent.

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Leah Durant, Law Offices of Leah Durant, PLLC, Washington, DC, for petitioner.

Lynn Ricciardella, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

RULING ON ENTITLEMENT¹

Dorsey, Chief Special Master:

On August 10, 2016, Brady Scott (“petitioner”) filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,² (the “Vaccine Act” or “Program”). Petitioner alleges that he suffered injuries, including a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (“SIRVA”) caused by the influenza vaccine he received on October 12, 2015. Petition at 1, ¶¶ 1, 6. Petitioner further alleges that he has suffered the residual effects of his injury for more than six months and that neither he nor any other party has received compensation for his injury alleged as vaccine caused. *Id.* at ¶¶ 6-7. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

¹ Because this unpublished ruling contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, the undersigned intends to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347, § 205, 116 Stat. 2899, 2913 (codified as amended at 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012)). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, the undersigned agrees that the identified material fits within this definition, the undersigned will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all “§” references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

On November 1, 2016, respondent filed her Rule 4(c) report in which she concedes that petitioner is entitled to compensation in this case. Respondent's Rule 4(c) Report at 1. Specifically, respondent "has concluded that a preponderance of evidence establishes that the injury to petitioner's left shoulder was caused by the administration of the October 12, 2015, flu vaccine, and that petitioner's injury is not due to factors unrelated to the administration of the October 12, 2015, flu vaccine." *Id.* at 3 (citation omitted). Respondent further indicates "the statutory six month sequela requirement has been satisfied." *Id.* (citation omitted).

In view of respondent's concession and the evidence before me, I find that petitioner is entitled to compensation.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey

Nora Beth Dorsey
Chief Special Master